Agenda

- Trunking Basics
- Evolution of Public Safety Standards
- Wide Area Roaming

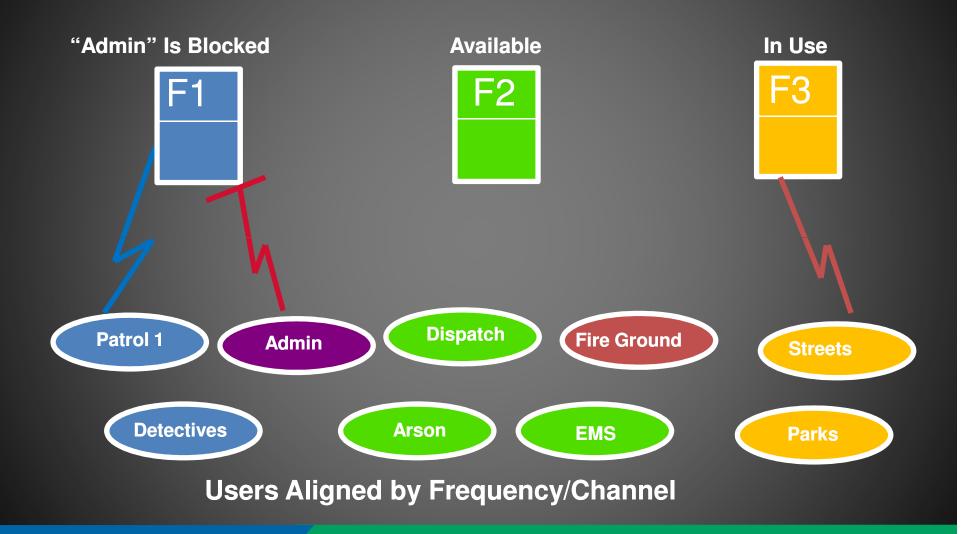


Trunking?

- Concept Developed by Telephone Company to Make Most Efficient Use of Resources
- Automates Process of Selecting Communications Channel Based on Availability
- Insures Calls Heard by Only Those That Need To
- Introduction of Microprocessors in mid 70's Enabled Trunking in Two-way Radio Systems
 - Intelligence in Subscribers and Infrastructure
- Digitally Controlled Access and Computerized Switching
 - Fast
 - Supports Enhanced Features

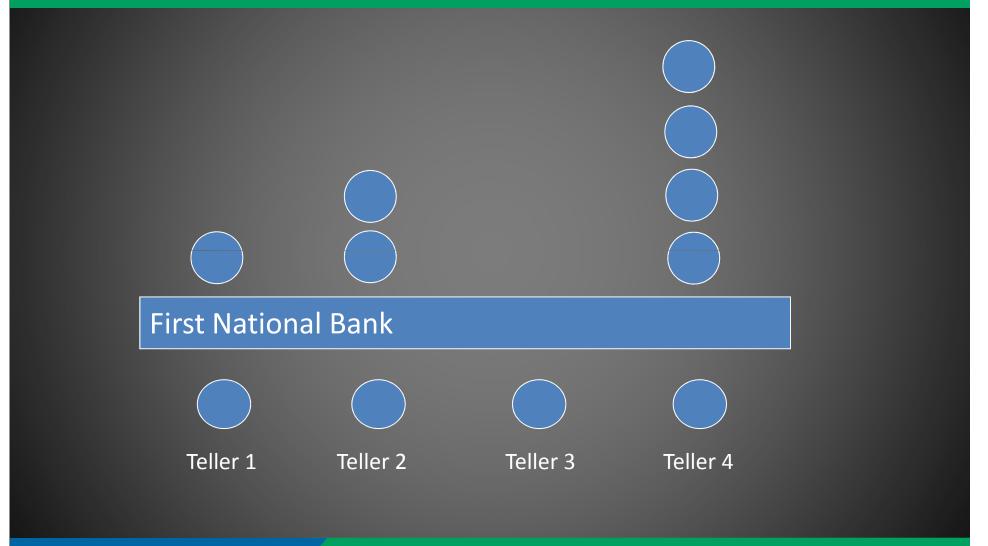


Conventional Channel Operation



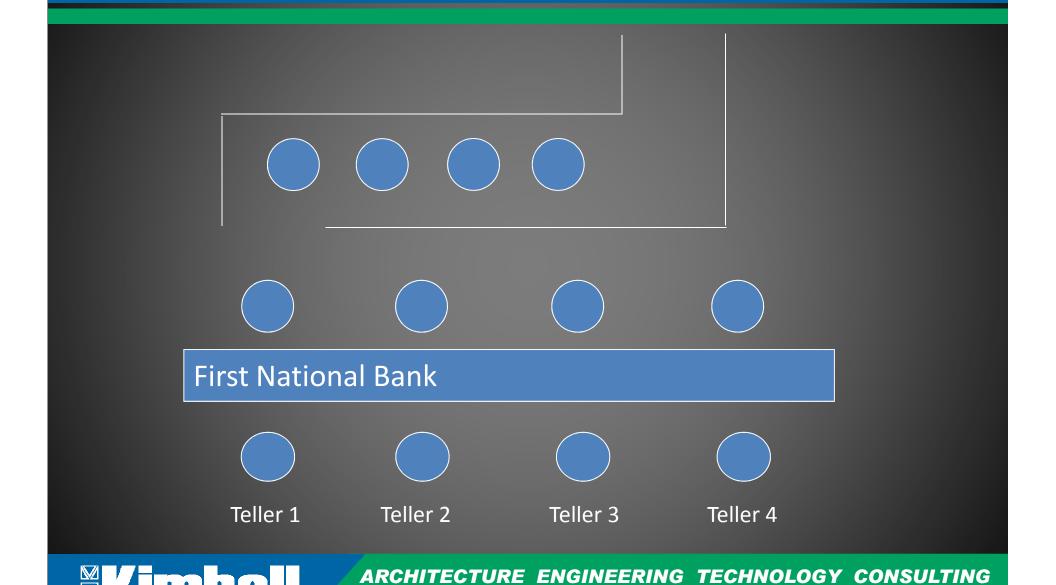


Conventional Radio

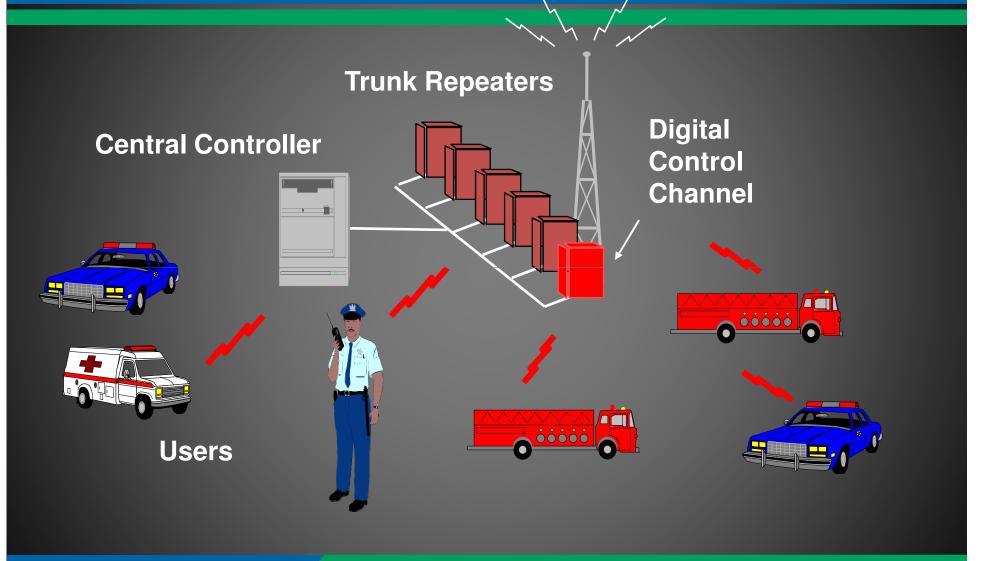




Trunked Radio



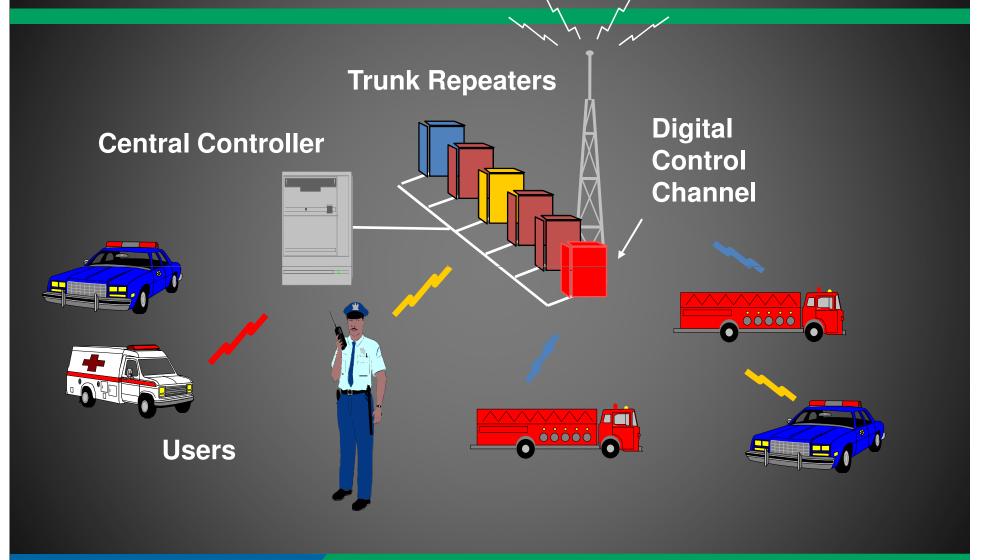
Radio Trunking





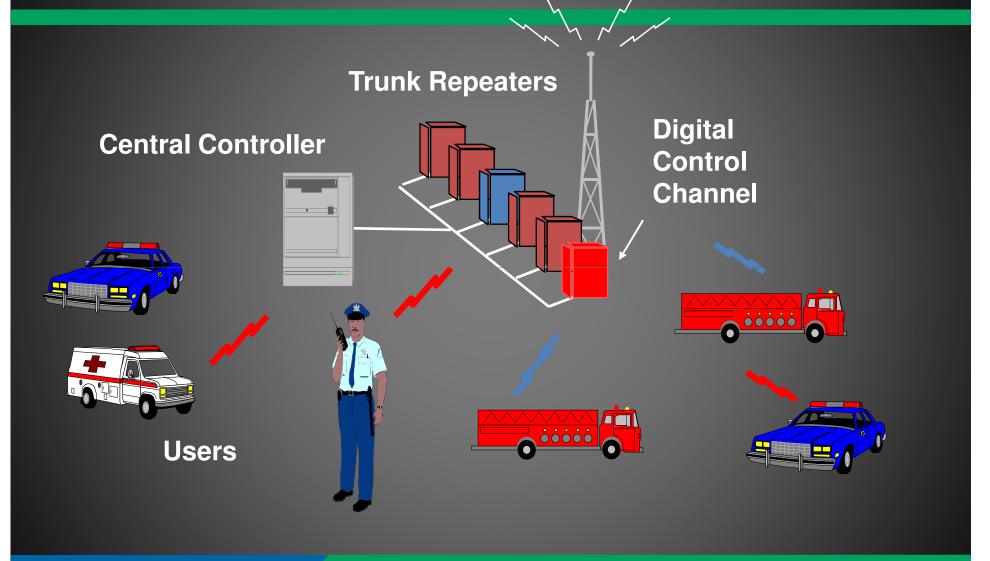
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Radio Trunking





Radio Trunking





Computer Controlled Radio Trunking

- Radio's Communicate in Functional Groups Called Talkgroups.
- Talkgroups are Defined by Software, not Frequencies.
- Different Modes on Radios Correspond to Different Talkgroups.
 - System Updated Each Time Radio Turned On/Off or Talkgroup Changed
- System Can Assign Any Available Channel, Automatically Each Time You Communicate.

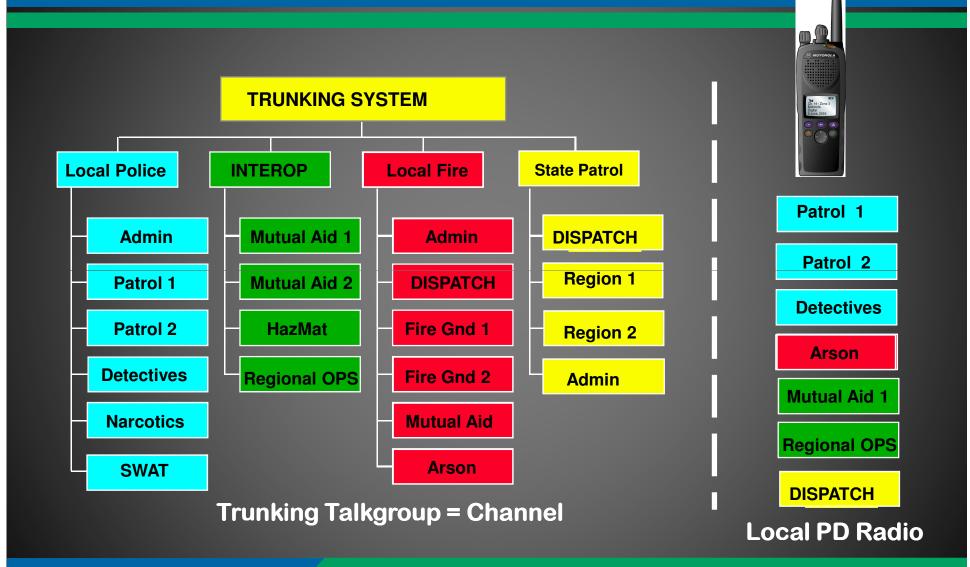


Talkgroup Partitioning

- Talkgroup = Channel to Users
- Trunking Provides More Talkgroups
 Than Actual Number of Frequencies
- Communications Within Talkgroup are Private
- Talkgroups May Be Created To Support Interoperability Across Regions, Agencies & Departments



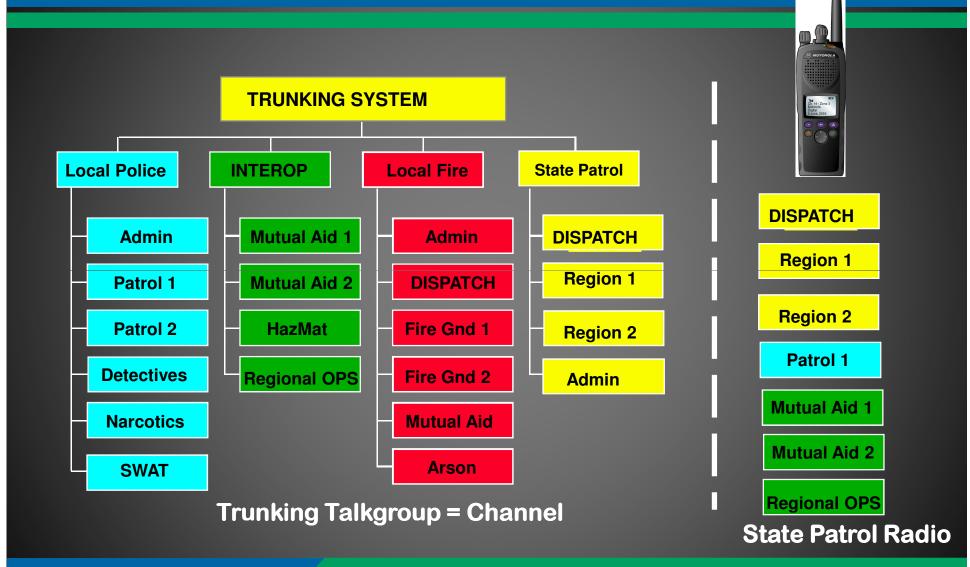
Talkgroup Fleet Map





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Talkgroup Fleet Map





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System Access Recap

- Push the Push-to-talk button the rest is automatic
- Typically 500ms to 750ms from channel request - channel grant
- Tone alert if system is busy
- Queuing and Call Back tone when channel granted
- Out of range -- different tone





Basic Trunking Features

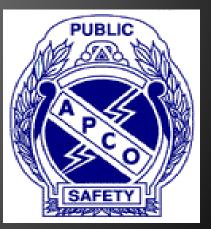
- PTT-ID
- Talkgroup Call
- Multigroup Call
- Automatic Retry
- Recent User Priority
- Continuous Assignment Updating

- Misdirected Radio Protection
- Call Alert
- PrivateConversation



Trunking for Public Safety?

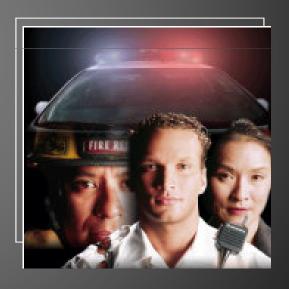
- LEAA Funded Study by APCO
- Establish Minimum & Desirable Requirements for Public Safety Trunked Radio Systems
- APCO Project 16 Published 1979
 - Public Safety Trunking Definition
 - Functional Requirements
 - Proprietary Protocols





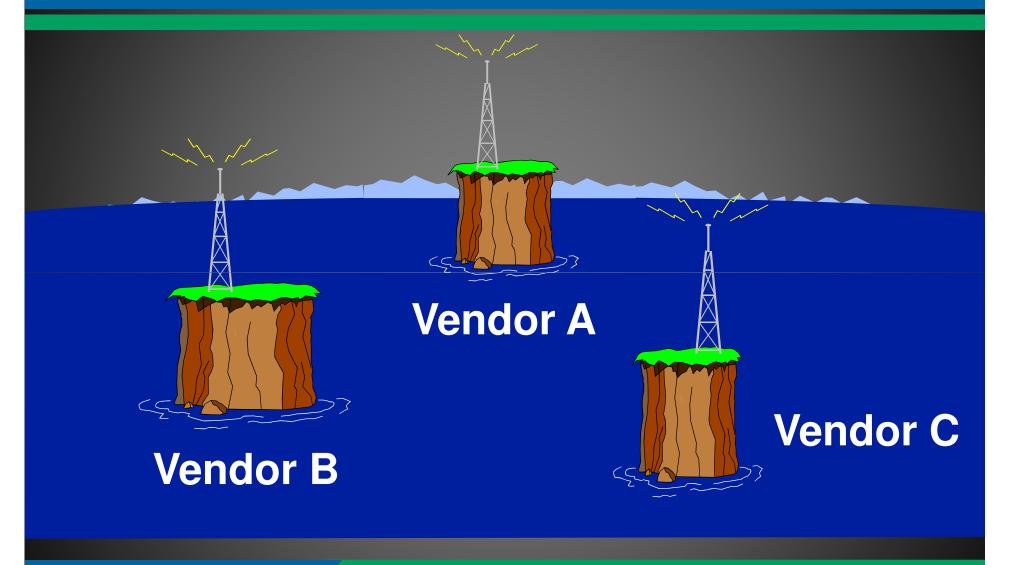
Project 16 Trunking Standards

- Defined Public Safety Trunking Functional Standards
 - Dedicated Signaling Channel
 - Multiple Priority Levels
 - Queuing and Call Back
 - Unit ID
 - Emergency Call & Alarm
 - Fast Access
 - Dynamic Regrouping
 - Selective Radio Inhibit
 - Console Interface
 - Mobile/Portable Talk-Around





Project 16: Great Technology, But No Interoperability





Project 25 Digital Standards

- Digital Technology Compliant with P25 Standards
 - Incorporates P16 Functional Requirements
 - Technical Specifications Defining Open Architecture Network
 - Widespread Endorsement & Participation
 - International Association of Chiefs of Police
 - National Sheriffs Association
 - National Association of State Telecommunications Directors
 - American National Standards Institute
 - All Federal Agencies
- Phase I Complete, Published as ANSI/EIA/TIA 102
- Phase II TDMA Well Underway
 - Backwards Compatible with Phase I
 - Defining Inter Sub-System Interface (ISSI) for System Level Roaming and Interoperability

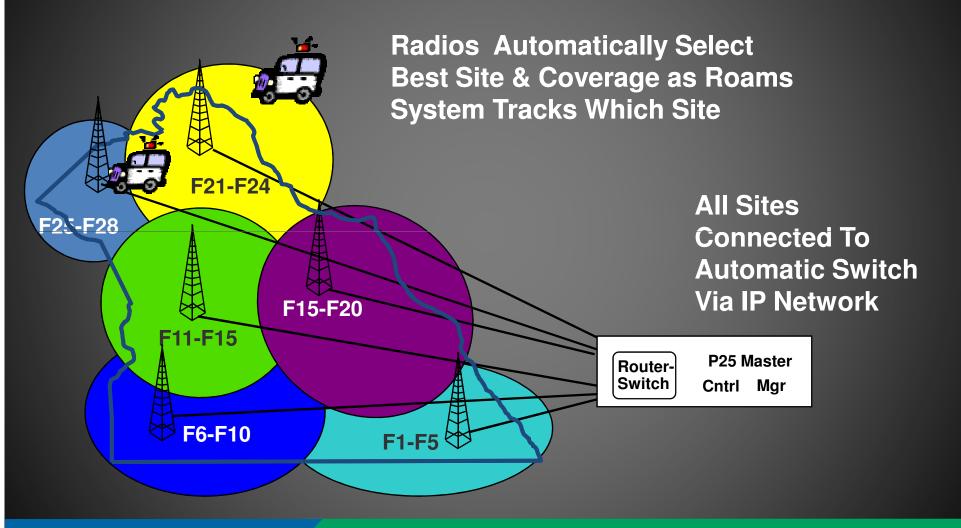


Current Generation Wide Area Networks

- Intelligent Multi-Site Network Easy to Use
 - Completely Automatic Processing of Calls
 - Less Congestion, Faster Access
 - Enhanced Feature Set for Ease of Use and Effective Communications
- Sophisticated Roaming Software
 - Automatic Subscriber Registration with "Best Site"
 - Automatic Queuing and Callback With Priority Level Access

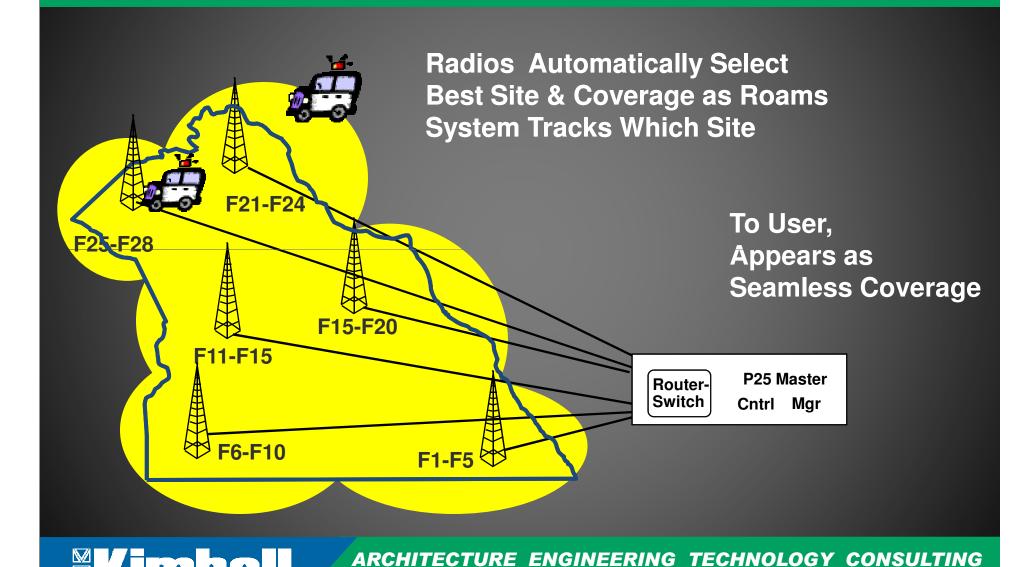


Multi-Site Automatic Roaming





Multi-Site Automatic Roaming



Thank You!

Questions?

